TRANSPARENCIES FOR UNIT 4

TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

WHY DO WE NEED TO KNOW ABOUT TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER?

- √ TO DO A BETTER JOB IN THE PRIMARY MISSION
- / TO ACCOMPLISH THE SECONDARY MISSION



TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

TYPES

- INTERNATIONAL
- DOMESTIC
 - PUBLIC → PRIVATE
 - PUBLIC \rightarrow PUBLIC
 - PRIVATE → PRIVATE
 - PRIVATE → PUBLIC



FORMS OF TRANSFER

THE COMMERCIAL APPLICATION OF MISSILE/SPACE TECHNOLOGY (DENVER RESEARCH INSTITUTE, 1963)

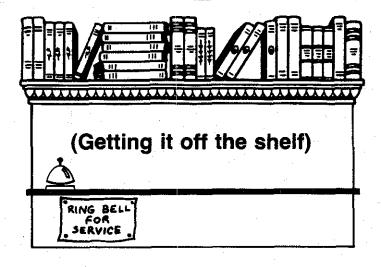
- 1. STIMULATION OF BASIC & APPLIED RESEARCH
- 2. NEW OR IMPROVED PROCESSES OR TECHNIQUES
- 3. PRODUCT IMPROVEMENTS
- 4. MATERIALS & EQUIPMENT AVAILABILITY
- 5. BY-PRODUCTS







COMMON IMAGE AND MODELS IMAGE



MODEL

SOURCE ightarrow USER

DONOR → RECIPIENT

TRANSFERRER → TRANSFEREE

DEVELOPER → IMPLEMENTOR

<u>I</u>SPĪ

INVESTIGATING THE MODELS



- THE CASE OF THE UNIDENTIFIED PRODUCT
- IHE CASE OF THE DUPLICITOUS DONOR
- CASE OF THE DEJECTED SUITOR
- 4. THE CASE OF WHO DUNNIT



MODEL DEFICIENCIES



- TRANSFER INITIATIVE
- TRANISTA PROCESS
- MISPLACED VALUE
- TRANSFET AS AN EVENT
- TRANSPER PENDINESS
- ODILIJOPMEN KORK
- JOINT MANAGENENT



AN ADEQUATE DEFINITION

CRITERIA

- ENCOMPASSES ABILITY TRANSFER
- STRESSES TRANSMISSION OF KNOWLEDGE
- IDENTIFIES TRANSFER WITH USE



PROPOSED DEFINITION

Technology transfer is the process by which knowledge concerning the making and doing of useful things contained within one organizational setting is brought into use within another organizational setting.



VIRTUES

- J TRANSFER IS CONCERNED WITH KNOWLEDGE
- √ TRANSFER IS A PROCESS
- **J TRANSFER OPPORTUNITIES ARE WIDE RANGING**
- **/ TRANSFER HAS MANY SOURCES**
- **/ TRANSFER IS AN INTERCHANGE**
- **JAMES OF TRANSFER IS A COOPERATIVE ENDEAVOR**
- **/ TRANSFER IS COMPLEX**
- **√ TRANSFER IS USE**





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